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**STILL AVAILABLE** 37
Atlas of the Anthropocene
2nd updated and expanded edition
François Gemenne & Aleksandar Rankovic
2021 • « Atlas » • 162 p. • 21x24 cm • 25 €

A book that brings together all of our era’s ecological data for the first time in an atlas

To decipher man’s footprint on the Earth. To take action and reverse the current trend. According to many scientists, the Earth has entered a new geological era. This era is called the Anthropocene or Age of Humans, as we have become the primary cause of environmental change, surpassing the geophysical forces of previous eras.

Climate change, the collapse of biodiversity, demographic evolution, urbanization, atmospheric pollution, soil deterioration, natural disasters, industrial accidents, social unrest and mobilization, international summits... This is the first atlas that brings together all the data available on the ecological crisis our world is facing.

- More than 100 maps and graphics with the most up-to-date environmental data
- A perspective on current knowledge
- The expertise of the best European researchers and the Atelier de cartographie de Sciences Po
- With a foreword by Jan Zalasiewicz and an afterword by Bruno Latour, giving the philosopher of science and anthropologist’s perspective

Reviews

...Défi que les rédacteurs de ce petit atlas, aussi original que précieux, ont relevé avec panache.

D’une présentation très pédagogique et éclairante, l’ouvrage pose les éléments d’un sujet ô combien complexe et dégage des pistes pour l’avenir. Indispensable, pour un sujet sur lequel « fake news » et polémiques se multiplient sans fin.

Toutes ces informations, je les ai trouvées dans un seul et même ouvrage : le passionnant Atlas de l’Anthropocène, de François Gemenne et Aleksandar Rankovic, aux Presses de Sciences Po.

Hervé Gardette, France Culture

A specialist in environmental geopolitics, François Gemenne is the executive director of the interdisciplinary research program Politics of the Earth at Sciences Po (Médialab) in Paris. He also lectures on environmental and migration policies in various universities, including Sciences Po (Paris and Grenoble) and the Free University of Brussels. He is the author of The Atlas of Environmental Migration (Routledge, 2016).

Aleksandar Rankovic is the coordinator of the Post-2020 International Biodiversity Governance program at IDDRI. His work focuses on interactions between environmental science and policy, in particular for biodiversity and climate issues.

Illustrations and maps by the Atelier de cartographie de Sciences Po, Patrice Mitran, Thomas Ansart, Benoît Martin, Anouk Pettès et Antoine Rio.

Atlas of the Urban World
Eric Verdeil

2020 • « Atlas » • 146 p. • 21x24 cm • 25 €

This Atlas provides a stark vision of the multiple facets of our urbanized world as it is today, and as it will be tomorrow.

According to the most recent data, it is no longer half of the world’s population who live in cities, but seventy percent. In a not too distant future, all of humanity will be city-dwellers. What are the realities behind this acceleration?

Gigantic megalopolises are developing on all continents, small and medium-sized towns are expanding, and rural spaces are disappearing. Buildings are spreading out and reaching up at the same time, lifestyles are becoming more homogenous, new forms of segregation and inequality are appearing, and supra-state connexions and circulations are intensifying.

A clear sign of the beginning of the Anthropocene, urban densification is warming the planet, destroying biodiversity, and increasing our vulnerability to climate change.

• Following on from the success of the Atlas of the Anthropocene (25,000 copies sold), this new opus provides a stark vision of the multiple facets of our urbanized world as it is today, and as it will be tomorrow.
• Over 100 new maps and infographics presenting the latest data on cities and urban experience.
• Short explanatory texts that provide perspectives on what we know and what we do not yet know.
• An original and engaging layout.

Reviews
Les études urbaines se renouvellent. Des cartes étonnantes évoquent les sujets brûlants du moment sur les inégalités. Un nouvel ordre urbain local qui prospère face à la mondialisation métropolitaine émerge dans un atlas à nul autre pareil [...] Incontestablement, l’Atlas des mondes urbains [...] ouvre un nouveau chapitre des études urbaines. [...] Un instrument puissant pour la décision et des gouvernances au plus près du local.

Gilles Fumey, Géographies en mouvement, Libération

Eric Verdeil is a university professor and specialist in urban geography. He is a researcher with the CERI and also the scientific director of the Master in Territorial and Urban Strategy at Sciences Po.

Illustrations and maps by the Atelier de cartographie de Sciences Po, Patrice Mitrano, Thomas Ansart, Benoît Martin and Antoine Rio.
Although we create digital technology, it is also creating us. That is why it is so essential that we build a digital culture.

The arrival of the digital era in our societies is often compared to the great technological advancements of the industrial Revolutions. But it should really be compared to the invention of the printing press, because the digital revolution is above all a cognitive one. It has inserted knowledge and information into every aspect of our lives. It is even making machines intelligent.

This book provides the key to understanding what the digital revolution has done to our societies and what we do with digital technology. Digital worlds have history, geography, economics and politics that are much richer than the public debate on the evils of the web lead us to imagine.

It includes
- 70 documents (photographs, illustrations, graphs, ...)
- Further reading sections with links to books, videos, podcasts, websites, datasets, ...

REVIEWS
C’est un livre sur le monde, la culture numérique, de sa naissance aux questions liées aux algorithmes, en passant par les enjeux civiques, politiques, économiques, tout est parfaitement expliqué dans une suite de chapitres très clairs, accompagnés de liens pour approfondir chaque aspect.

Le mérite principal de l’ouvrage, c’est de remettre de la complexité et de la perspective historique dans les débats furieux de notre époque.

Indispensable pour comprendre le monde.

NICOLAS DEMORAND, FRANCE INTER


Pierre Charbonnier is a philosopher and CNRS researcher at Sciences Po (Centre for European Studies and Comparative Politics). He is notably the author of Abondance et liberté. Une histoire environnementale des idées politiques (La Découverte, 2020).
Controversies: a Guide
FORCCAST, Clémence Seurat, Thomas Tari (eds)
Foreword by Bruno Latour
2021 • « Hors collection » • 322 p. • 14,3x17,8 cm • 18 € • paperback
An original proposal on how to restore confidence and act in an uncertain world

In response to the environmental and health issues we are facing, and the unprecedented frequency of technological innovation, experts clash, contradict each other, or admit they have no answers. Controversies erupt much more frequently than new knowledge can be produced. In this age of uncertainty, when decision-making must often come before knowledge, we have to come up with new ways of thinking and acting together.

Mapping controversies provides a framework for this. This pedagogical practice, fundamental in the social sciences, teaches us to examine the world without ever separating science, techniques, and society. It teaches us to take into account all perspectives and the context in which they are expressed, to conduct a close analysis of the ecosystem in which an object emerges, an invention or a phenomenon. To find our way through uncertainty, we must first immerse ourselves in complexity.

This book shows us how, by relying on examples of contemporary controversies carefully chosen for their diversity and the wealth of their teaching.

Clémence Seurat is part of the Forccast program, where she develops programs and edits contents.

Thomas Tari is a sociologist. He joined Sciences Po in 2015, to participate in the FORCCAST programme, of which he has been appointed executive director in 2019.


Forccast’s activities focus on the interactions between science, technology and society (STS). The program’s goal is to train different audiences on the exploration of contemporary controversies, which emanate from the massive proliferation of scientific and technical innovations.
**Girls from around here**
_Growing up in Rural France_
Yaëlle Amsellem-Mainguy

2021 • « Académique » • 264 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 23 €

Should I stay or should I leave?

This book gives a space for the voices of women who are rarely heard. They are high-school students or young workers from low-income backgrounds, and they have all grown up and still live in rural areas around France. Those of them who work are generally employed in jobs at the bottom of the wage hierarchy, even when their education would allow them to aspire to a “better” position.

Through a study conducted in the Deux-Sèvres, the Ardennes, the Crozon peninsula and the Chartreuse mountains, Yaëlle Amsellem-Mainguy set out to meet young women whose lives may appear unproblematic and yet who are fully confronted by the major economic, social, and political issues of the country. These “local girls” recount their everyday lives, their family relations, their love lives, and their friendships that come and go. They describe their experiences at school, their dreams and expectations for the future, and the question they have all faced since adolescence – should I stay, or should I leave?

**Radical and Fluid**
_Contemporary Social Movements_
Réjane Sénac

2021 • « Essais » • 290 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 17 €

An analysis of the tactics and experiments of the contemporary social movements, from the Occupy movements to #MeToo

Contemporary social movements occupy the public space to denounce experiences of injustice; that is their modus operandi.

This is true for the Occupy movements, but also #MeToo and Yellow Vest protests. In order to better understand these movements’ attitudes to emancipation and particularly how they see the principle of equality, Réjane Sénac has interviewed 130 movement leaders, social entrepreneurs, and activists, with a wide range of affiliations.

Two shared traits emerge from this study. Social movements – whether to promote environmentalism and social justice, or against racism, sexism, and speciesism – are radical due to the challenges and utopias they convey, and they are fluid in their refusal of a fixed, permanent framework.

The transformation of society is taking place through a wide range of tactics and experiments. The future will not be an overnight revolution so much as a garden we cultivate together.

**Reviews**


**Telerama**

Elles sont jeunes, peu ou pas qualifiées. [...] Ces grandes oubliées de la sociologie rurale, et de la société, sont l’objet de cette admirable enquête.

**Le Monde**

COUP DE COEUR du Monde des livres, summer 2021

Yaëlle Amsellem-Mainguy is a sociologist, a researcher at the National Institute for Young People and Popular Education (INJEP), a research associate with the Centre de recherche sur les liens sociaux (CERLIS) and associate researcher at the l’Institut national d’études démographiques (INED). This book is the extension of a study conducted and funded by INJEP.
The Comportementalist Biais
Henri Bergeron, Patrick Castel, Sophie Dubuisson-Quellier, Jeanne Lazarus, Étienne Nouguez et Olivier Pilmis

2018 • « Essais » • 128 p. • 12.5x19 cm • 14 €

To understand those cognitive biases preventing us from making rational decisions and now used by governments in order to guide our choices

A whole series of cognitive biases prevent us from making rational decisions: conformity, aversion to loss, excessive self-esteem, preference for the short-term, etc.

In many countries, governments have adopted this credo, promoted by economists and behavioral psychologists, to guide individuals’ choices. It is, therefore, standard practice to consider individuals potential organ donors by default, children are kept away from junk food in school canteens, flies are stuck to urinals to help men improve their aim, speed detectors frown or smile at us, and we are told that we recycle less than our neighbors....

These “nudges” toward good behavior use individuals’ cognitive bias to modify their behavior without them needing to think, or even understand the stakes. Easy to implement and inexpensive, they have become the alpha and omega of resolving social problems, whether in terms of environment, health, finance or tax. Yet is it not just as biased to reduce these issues to a matter of individual behavior? We need a critical analysis of behavioral knowledge and its applications, in order to understand its success and explore its limitations.

Feminist Economics
Hélène Périvier

2020 • « Essais » • 230 p. • 12.5x19 cm • 15 €

Feminist economics renews the themes and approaches of this discipline and uses its knowledge and tools to work towards gender equality

Economics as a discipline was conceived by men in the interests of a society run by men. It is also the social science with the fewest women: barely a quarter of economists are women.

“I am a feminist economist” says Hélène Périvier, author of this book that lifts the veil on the apparent neutrality of economic concepts and analyses.

In so doing, she sheds light on the foundations of a social organisation based on the patriarchal model focused on Mr Breadwinner, while Ms Housewife has become Ms Paidappittance. Feminist Economics renews the themes and approaches of this discipline and uses its knowledge and tools to work towards gender equality.

Reviews
Avec L’Économie féministe, Hélène Périvier revient sur les origines de la fausse neutralité des concepts et analyses de l’économie, pour mieux mettre au jour les ressorts d’une organisation sociale issue du modèle patriarchal.

Le Monde

Hélène Périvier is an economist at the French Observatory of Economic Conjuncture (OFCE/Sciences Po). She is also responsible for a research and teaching programme on gender (PRE-SAGE).

Thomas Piketty is professor of Economics at the School for Advanced Studies in the Social Sciences (EHESS), associate chair at the Paris School of Economics and centennial professor of Economics in the International Inequalities Institute at the London School of Economics. Thomas Piketty is the author of Capital in the Twenty-First Century (Harvard University Press) and Capital and Ideology (Harvard University Press).
**Two Degrees**
Edwin Zaccai

2019 • « Essais » • 280 p. • 12.5x19 cm • 16 €

Two degrees. It might not seem like much. But it is huge.

Global temperatures have already risen one degree since the preindustrial era. Human activity is the number one cause. Massive climate upheavals are occurring, and they are destined to become more severe. Why are we unable to react quickly enough to respect an objective that has been solemnly agreed upon by world governments?

We have underestimated our societies’ dependency on carbon. It is not technical and economic. It is cultural. We cannot imagine that we are each dependent on the equivalent of one hundred slaves working for us every day.

Rather than imagining a perpetually-postponed radical change, the only option is to pursue paths that – although they cannot fully address the magnitude of the objective – will help (a little) to reduce the risks and prepare for a less carbon-dependent future. This book studies these different paths through the authors and actors who have proposed them. It aims to gauge the possibilities of revolution and evolution so that adapting to an unviable world is not our only option.

**The Tragedy of Growth**
Gilbert Rist

2018 • « Essais » • 168 p. • 12.5x19 cm • 14 €

A way out of the impasse and to heal us from our addiction to growth

“We all understand that infinite growth in a finite world is impossible, yet we act as if that were not true. We are collectively afflicted with cognitive dissonance – to preserve our mental health we refuse to consider embarrassing truths, hoping that all will turn out well, but not really knowing how…”

In reality, we know the way out of this impasse. To heal us of our addiction to growth, we must restore the notion of common goods, rehabilitate reciprocity, put an end to debt, and re-engage a dialogue with nature every day.

**Reviews**

Edwin Zaccai montre qu’une partie de l’inertie [face au réchauffement climatique] réside dans le malentendu autour de ce qui est en jeu. Et la mine d’informations qu’il rassemble peut contribuer à le dissiper.

**Alternatives Économiques**
Dans son livre, Edwin Zaccai interroge les raisons de notre inaction commune face à une catastrophe climatique de plus en plus inévitable. Un essai dramatiquement convaincant.

**Usbek et Rica**

Edwin Zaccai has a PhD in environment science, and a background in civil and physics engineering, physicist, and philosophy. He is professor at the l’Université libre de Bruxelles and director of the Centre d’études du développement durable (CEDD).

**Reviews**

Une lecture très précieuse en ces temps de déni collectif de l’urgence écologique.

**Alternatives Économiques**
Un modèle de vulgarisation, à la fois abondamment nourri et extrêmement accessible.

**Reporterre**

Gildert Rist is emeritus professor at the Institut de hautes études internationales et du développement (IHEID, ex-IUED) in Geneva. His book The History of Development. From Western Origins to Global Faith has been translated in 6 languages.
Non-issues
Or how to stop politics from meddling
Emmanuel Henry
2021 • « Essais » • 176 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 15 €

An analysis of the strategies implemented by lobbyists to exclude some issues from the public debate

Why is it that some problems – soil pollution, or work-related cancers for example – remain durably invisible? Why is it that public decision-making bodies seem to wait for a major scandal before being apparently forced to come up with answers? How can we explain this persistent disinterest for certain subjects, to the point where they become “non-issues”, while others are readily addressed?

Political scientist and sociologist Emmanuel Henry draws on numerous cases to show how industry implements veritable strategies to exclude subjects that threaten its activities from the public debate.

The goal of these strategies is to conceal the risks for citizens by producing scientific ignorance (tobacco), by fighting against new information by influencing funding (asbestos), by making subjects more technical so as to discretely establish new norms in collaboration with state experts (chemical products), and by generally cultivating indifference by relying on social inequalities to maintain the status quo. As a result, the non-issues are piling up.

COVID-19: an Organisational Crisis
Henri Bergeron, Olivier Borraz, Patrick Castel, François Dedieu
2020 • « Essais » • 136 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 14 €

An analysis of the power relations at work in the management of the crisis

Between March and May 2020, the population of France were confined to their homes. How was it that this policy, which had such substantial and widespread effects, was presented as the only solution to the Covid-19 pandemic?

The authors conducted this study during the crisis with the actors involved directly in it. They present several original hypotheses. Rather than individual shortcomings or technical dysfunction, they draw attention to organizational factors including a poor ability to learn from the past, a false feeling of security, and a blind trust in planning instruments.

Their analysis of the power relations at work in the management of the crisis also reveals other surprising phenomena, such as the creation of new bodies in a political landscape that is already saturated with organizations, and an unprecedented level of cooperation between hospitals.
**Public Policies in Crisis**

Patrick Hassenteufel & Sabine Saurugger (eds)

2021 • « Académique » • 336 p. • 13.8x21 cm • 27 €

*2008 and its aftermath*

How does public policy evolve in times of crisis? Traditionally there are two opposing perspectives - some analyses emphasize continuity, while others focus on the suddenness of the changes introduced.

The reality is more nuanced, however. Significant variations can be seen across different sectors and levels, as we can see in this study of the European Union member states’ public policy, before, during, and after the 2008 financial and economic crisis. Three major lessons emerge from this.

Firstly, the main changes take place at the supranational level, which is a sign of the reinforcement of international and European public policy. Secondly, pre-existing dynamics defended by reformers in areas like employment and social welfare have been amplified. And finally, the political utilization of the crisis has played a key role in the variations observed between continuity and change.

The comparative and international framework proposed in this book are important in understanding public action during times of crises, including the COVID-19 pandemic.

**The State under Pressure**

Philippe Zittoun & Sébastien Chailleux

2021 • « Académique » • 320 p. • 13.8x21 cm • 26 €

*Investigation into the French shale gas ban*

How does the state function when it is under pressure? When it is caught between economic interests, citizen mobilisations, internal conflicts and political struggles, all in a context of uncertain knowledge and media hype? Why do the decisions it takes in such situations often give an impression of incoherence, even instability? Is there a discrepancy between the discussions behind the scenes and the official statements, or is it more complex?

The authors tackle this black box - the making of public policies - using a very striking example for which they conducted a vast investigation: the ban on shale gas, voted in 2011 despite the ambitions of oil groups and the opinion of experts, against the advice of the administration, the head of state and even the European Union.

Based on interviews with the main protagonists and exclusive consultation of government archives, they describe the multiple public and discreet political-bureaucratic spaces where the debate took place and the argumentative battles, always inseparable from the power struggles, on the subject were deployed.

Their pragmatic approach sheds new light on the politics in the making.
Restoring the great political dynamics and tensions that run through it allows us not only to better understand the forms of historical change, but also to find one’s bearings in an uncertain present. By placing the imperial expansion of Europe in the context of the globalization of the time and its interactions with America, Africa and Asia, Nicolas Delalande and Blaise Truong-Loï propose a history of the 19th century that is neither homogeneous nor self-centered, but profoundly renewed by the contributions of the most recent research in history and social sciences.

This is the new textbook for 19th century political history both for teachers and students. It is also a very interesting read for anyone interested in better understanding our present.

It includes
- 80 documents (photographs, maps, illustrations, graphs, ...)
- Further reading sections with links to books, videos, podcasts, websites, datasets, ...
- Annotated bibliography
- Key notions and timelines

Nicolas Delalande is a professor of contemporary history at the Centre d’histoire de Sciences Po. He was one of the four coordinators of the Histoire mondiale de la France (2017) directed by Patrick Boucheron, and has notably published La Lutte et l’Entraide. L’âge des solidarités ouvrières (Seuil, 2019).

Blaise Truong-Loï, a former student at the École normale supérieure, is a doctoral student at the Centre d’histoire de Sciences Po.
The Transformations of Forced Labor
Alessandro Stanziani

2020 • « Académique » • 328 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 24 €

A global history of forced labor - 18th-19th centuries

The historian Alessandro Stanziani has not written a book about Joseph Conrad’s travels, but about the oppressed workers and laborers the Polish writer lived alongside: serfs in Russia, workers and sailors in the French and British empires, slaves and migrants in the Indian Ocean.

The book ends in Congo with the extreme violence perpetrated against the indigenous people by colonial companies in their relentless search for profit.

From the philosophers of the Enlightenment, to the evolution of the law and the reality of working conditions, Stanziani’s global approach shows that the history of forced labor can only be understood through its relationship with free labour. These two spheres constantly overlap and interact to construct a single unfinished history, that of an ongoing struggle for emancipation.

Conrad’s writings had been with me since my childhood. Back then, I loved the adventure, the noise, and the smell of the sea. [...] I thought that I’d left Conrad behind until one day, a few years ago, a friend [...], said, « Have you noticed that your research is roughly following the same path as Conrad’s journeys? ».

ALESSANDRO STANZIANI

Alessandro Stanziani is a research director at the l’EHESS and the CNRS, and is the author of Les Entrelacements du monde. Histoire globale, pensée globale (CNRS Éditions, 2018).

Land, Power and Conflict
2nd edition
Pierre Blanc

2020 • « Académique » • 396 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 20 €

An Agro-History of the World
Land issues at the heart of the power dynamics in contemporary history

The land provides resources and confers power to those who appropriate them. Our societies have constantly fought to control these resources, through conquests, civil wars, authoritarianisms, etc.

From European fascisms, to Latin American dictatorships, from the Chinese Revolution to Columbian guerrilla fighters, how many bloody passages of political history have played out against a backdrop of contested land distribution?

From Cold War United States to China, Russia, or the Gulf States today – how many countries have expressed their desire for domination and security through territorial control?

From Kurds to Tibetans, Palestinians to Uighurs, how many peoples have seen their land stolen, with it their dreams of recognition?

REVIEWS

Pierre Blanc, dont la limpidité d’écriture et de raisonnement n’est jamais démentie, nous offre un panorama extrêmement utile. Le choix de passer en revue les différents continents [...] intéressera vivement le lecteur à la recherche d’une vue synoptique permettant comparaison et mise en perspective.

LA VIE DES IDÉES

Pierre Blanc is a researcher in geopolitics and chief agricultural engineer of the Ponts, eaux, et forêts. He teaches geopolitics at Bordeaux Sciences Agro and at Sciences Po Bordeaux. He is also a visiting professor at universities in Italy, Lebanon and several universities in France, a researcher with LAM (Sciences Po Bordeaux/ CNRS) and editor-in-chief of the journal Confluences Méditerranée.
Pathology and Chance
Mathieu Corteel
2020 • « Académique » • 208 p. • 13.8x21 cm • 20 €

A history of medical statistics

The use of big numbers in the health sector is no longer a surprise. Our lives are marked by death rates, demographic curves, national averages, distributions of gender, profession, or age. From birth we are caught up in a system that measures life expectancy, constantly evaluating our chances of survival.

Numbers have taken on even more importance in the current health crisis, for want of greater scientific understanding. Medical statistics have become the primary tool in political decision making.

There is a history behind this computational episteme, which Mathieu Corteel invites us to discover in this book. It began with the interpretation of 17th century death records and has been transformed over time ever since. In each period it has connected the state of mathematical knowledge to medical practice, and to a political vision of public health.

Mathieu Corteel

White Lead
History of a Legal Poison
Judith Rainhorn
2019 • « Académique » • 372 p. • 13.8x21 cm • 26 €

An investigation on white lead, used for centuries despite its toxicity, today recognized as an environmental poison

Toxic substances are everywhere. They have invaded the air we breathe and the domestic space we live in. Food, packaging, textiles, cosmetics, paint... There is not a single area of everyday life that is free from suspected or confirmed poisons, carcinogens or endocrine disruptors.

To understand the reasons for our collective acceptance of this situation, the historian Judith Rainhorn has investigated white lead, which has been massively produced and used since the late 18th century to whiten paint that covers the walls of European cities. A poison for the workers directly exposed to it in their dusty workshops, lead pigment is today recognized as an environmental poison.

Like for asbestos, pesticides, phtalates or nanoparticles, social, industrial, scientific and political rationales have imposed their rhythms and requirements, making white lead a legal poison.

Judith Rainhorn

A member of the Centre for the social history of the contemporary world, Judith Rainhorn is a history professor at Paris I Panthéon-Sorbonne.
“And the Bulgarian Jews were saved...”
Nadège Ragaru
2020 • « Académique » • 382 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 26 €
A history of the knowledge of the Holocaust in Bulgaria

Bulgaria was an exception; a state allied with the Reich that refused to deport its Jewish community. This image of Bulgaria during WWII has persisted until the present day, overlooking the fact that in the Yugoslavian and Greek territories occupied by this country between 1941 and 1945, almost all the Jews were rounded up, sent to Poland, and exterminated.

The result of a vast documentary and archival investigation, Nadège Ragaru has pieced together the origins of what was long assumed to be factual because it was widely believed.

It explains why a single aspect of a complex and contradictory history was emphasized in the transmission of history. She shows how the deportations, although not expunged, were considered secondary in public discourses, museums, history books, and the arts. She looks at how writings on the persecutions of Bulgarian Jews became caught up in the Cold War and then the political and memorial struggles of the post-communist period in the Balkans and the rest of the world.

Deeply original in its approach and in its style, this historical investigation is an exemplary reflection on the silences of the past.

REVIEWS

[…] de la Shoah en Bulgarie : un sujet généralement méconnu, ou alors par le prisme du «miracle bulgare» disant que les Juifs n’auraient pas été déportés – c’est pourtant bien plus complexe, comme l’explique Nadège Ragaru dans un livre brillant.

PAROLES D’HISTOIRE
Sachant mettre en perspective un fonds d’archives aussi phénoménal qu’enore inexploité (archives administratives, mais aussi filmées), Nadège Ragaru réalise une oeuvre pionnière non seulement sur un pan encore méconnu de la Shoah, mais aussi sur l’historiographie de la Seconde Guerre mondiale dans les Balkans.

ÉTUDES

Nadège Ragaru is a research director at Sciences Po (CERI-CNRS), where she teaches the history and memory of Communism and the Holocaust in Eastern Europe. She was a Visiting Fellow at Oxford University and Reid Hall Fellow at Columbia University.

The Nuremberg Moment
Guillaume Mouralis
2019 • « Académique » • 264 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 23 €
A new behind the scenes analysis of the Nuremberg trial and its legacy in history and international law

«The way Germany treats its inhabitants [...] is not our affair, any more than it is the affair of some other government to interpose itself in our problems.»

The words of Robert Jackson, Chief United States Prosecutor at the Nuremberg Trials, are unambiguous. The repression of the racist crimes committed in the name of Nazism should not pave the way for an international examination of the race relations then prevalent in the United States.

Hence the particularly restrictive definition of crimes against humanity adopted in 1945.

Guillaume Mouralis provides a fascinating reading of the Nuremberg trial based on a study of the lawyers who laid its foundations and propelled and guided the debates in the United States. He reveals the cluster of professional, social, and cultural constraints that weighed heavily on this experimental moment. He also questions the legacy of Nuremberg. How was it mobilised in the Afro-American civil rights movement, or in the anti-Vietnam war movement? And how have these militant appropriations influenced the emergence of an international legal framework?

REVIEWS

Une monographie d’une grande profondeur sur l’empreinte du procès de Nuremberg dans l’histoire et dans notre droit international. Une monographie d’une grande profondeur sur l’empreinte du procès de Nuremberg dans l’histoire et dans notre droit international.

NON-FICTION.FR

Member of the March-Bloch Center in Berlin, Guillaume Mouralis is a researcher with the CNRS.
Regroupment Camps in Algeria
Fabien Sacriste

2022 • « Académique » • 336 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 24 €

A history of forced displacement (1954-1962) in Algeria and a new perspective on its consequences

Between 1954 and 1962 the French army and administration set out to “regroup” more than two million Algerians into 2,000 camps. In the middle of the war for independence, the authorities were seeking to deprive the National Liberation Front (FLN) of its political and logistic support and wanted to closely monitor a population suspected of supporting insurgents. Cut off from its lands and dependent on public assistance, the population was prey to insecurity and high infant mortality.

Some commentators have sought to present this policy of forced displacement of civilians – one of the most widespread of the 20th century – as a tool for the modernization of the countryside.

But in reality, the arbitrary and unplanned creation of “new villages” accelerated the “de-peasantification” and destruction of Algerian society already shaken by 150 years of colonisation. Its effects can still be seen today.

The Hot War
Nicolas Regaud, Bastien Alex and François Gemmenne

2022 • « Académique » • 304 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 24 €

An insightful analysis of strategic issues around climate change

A warmer world will also be a more violent one. An increase in temperature of barely 1°C since the preindustrial era has already had alarming consequences for national and international security and there can be no doubt that this trend will increase, leading us into a long period of tensions. Armies must do more than simply reduce their carbon footprint. Major actors in peace and security must also adapt to a situation that affects their missions and abilities to engage in a genuine policy of climate security.

Specialising in questions of defence and climate, the authors of this book – the first dedicated to this immense issue – sketch a panorama of the strategic and operational risks associated with climate change. They anticipate what this “hot war” might look like, analysing the challenges armed forces will face, and how they can address them.

Nicolas Regaud is a researcher with the Institut de recherche stratégique de l’École militaire (IR-SEM), Bastien Alex is responsible for the WWF Climat-énergie program and François Gemmenne is a FNRS researcher at the University of Liège. All three work on issues of defence and climate security, particularly within the Minster for the Army’s Climate and Defence Observatory.

The voice of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) is being heard everywhere, in an increasingly insistent tone. No one can ignore the fact that greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere are constantly increasing, that the impacts of climate change are being felt on every continent and that there are solutions to deal with it.

The legitimacy of this voice has been built up over time and at the cost of strong institutionalization. Far from the original vision of its founders, who had conceived it in 1988 as an informal structure at the service of decision-makers, the IPCC today brings together thousands of people, scientists and diplomats at the international level.

For the first time, a book goes beyond the scene and tells the story of the rigorous assessment process and the bureaucratic red tape it entails.

It describes the work of negotiating with States on the main conclusions of the IPCC reports and points out the risk of depoliticization of climate issues.

**IPCC**
Kary de Pryck
2022 • « Relations internationales » • 300 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 24 €

*Voice of the climate - the first history of the IPCC*

The voice of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) is being heard everywhere, in an increasingly insistent tone. No one can ignore the fact that greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere are constantly increasing, that the impacts of climate change are being felt on every continent and that there are solutions to deal with it.

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**International Mediation**
Milena Dieckhoff
2022 • « Relations internationales » • 245 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 19 €

*In between war and peace*

Betting that dialogue will prevail over physical violence is the hallmark of all mediation.

On the international scene, this peacemaking activity brings together a wide variety of actors and is carried out in many different ways, beyond the common objective of leading the belligerents to peace.

Based on seven empirical cases, which are deliberately remote, such as Aceh, Georgia, Guatemala, Kenya, Mozambique, Sudan and Sri Lanka, this book proposes a new typology of international mediation in the post-Cold War era. It exposes the way in which mediation takes the form of very different practices and rules of play depending on whether it is essentially political, expert or societal.

**Kari De Pryck** is a post-doctoral fellow of the Fonds national suisse de la recherche scientifique (FNS), and a researcher associated with the PACTE laboratory at the University of Grenoble Alpes.

**Milena Dieckhoff**, a doctor of political science from Sciences Po, is a lecturer at the École de droit de l’Université Clermont Auvergne, a researcher at the Centre Michel de L’Hospital, a member of the Groupe de recherche sur l’action multilatérale (GRAM, GDR-CNRS) and co-editor of the journal *Négociations*.
European integration is an ongoing process. Analytic tools were developed early on to understand this specific political system and its construction. These tools have been progressively complexified as the Community has increased in number and competencies, while respecting national sovereignty.

It is more important than ever to master these tools, given the problems the European Union is faced with today – the rise of populism, public criticism of the democratic deficit, Brexit, the response to the arrival of migrants and refugees, difficulties responding to the economic and financial crisis, and of course the COVID-19 pandemic.

Sabine Saurugger provides an overview of the concepts and theories developed in French and international research in political sociology, public policy, political theory, and international relations, recontextualizing the discussions and debates that shaped them.

European diplomacies are characterised by widely varied practices, whether in training staff, the place of women, culture, the negotiating language they use, or in the way they construct networks and build identities.

Diplomacy in Europe, which this book provides a unique history of, is firstly that of the cohabitation between small, medium, and large states, combining diplomacy of power, trade, and values. It is also a history of forms of cooperation that, from multinational empires to nation-states, are reconfigured into a regional framework, while coming up against the practices of other spheres.

The profound contemporary transformation of diplomacy as a profession must be interpreted in light of these traditions, exposed to the increased complexity of missions, and the emergence of para-diplomatic actors. Practices specific to the European Union are slowly being put into place, yet the power relations between European states and the eminently political nature of their cultural and economic exchanges persist.

Sabine Saurugger is professor of political science and the director of Sciences Po Grenoble-UGA. She is a member of the UMR Pacte.
A Sociologist at the European Commission
Frédéric Mérand

2021 • « Académique » • 320 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 22 €

An ethnographic study of how Europe is «really made» at the European Commission

For four years, between 2015 and 2019, Frédéric Mérand went behind the wings at Berlaymont, the seat of the European Commission in Brussels, in order to observe and understand how Europe is really «made». Taking an ethnographic approach, he slipped into the team led by Pierre Moscovici, then European Commissioner for economic affairs under President Hollande, and later President Macron.

Mérand shared offices with the men and women responsible for euro-zone policy, followed them through the corridors of their building in Brussels, sat with them at the canteen, and attended their meetings around the world. He questioned them on their strategies and methods, and their navigation between partisan struggles and diplomatic games. He listened to their fears and surprises, their hopes and disappointment during the various storms they weathered, from the Greek financial crisis, to tax evasion scandals, and the rise of the populist threat in Italy.

This book provides the unique perspective of a North-American sociologist on our European and national practices, and on a European Commission that is clearly more political than it is technocratic.

Reviews

Mixte de réflexions sur les limites de l’action politique et d’observations des pratiques d’acteurs en quête d’un élargissement de leur « espace de liberté [...] face aux contraintes posées par les institutions, le droit, l’économie, l’expertise ou la diplomatie », le livre [que Frédéric Mérand] tire de cette enquête apporte un éclairage novateur sur le fonctionnement de l’Union.

Le Monde des livres

Frédéric Mérand is professor of political science and director of the Montreal Centre for International Studies (CÉRIUM).

Beyond Memory
Can we really learn from the past?
Sarah Gensburger & Sandrine Lefranc
2017 • « Essai » • 186 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 17 €

To understand the reasons for the failure of memory policies to prevent hate, genocide and mass crimes, this book asks where do these policies come from? What do they really do? How can we make them work effectively?

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Gender Tyranny
Marie Duru-Bellat
2017 • « Essai » • 308 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 17 €

Although the notion of gender was promoted by sociologists to shed light on relations of domination, invoking it at every opportunity establishes the idea that men and women are still, above all, and in every way prototypes of their sex group rather than unique individuals.

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Should we Open up our Borders?
Catherine Wihtol de Wenden
2017 • « Nouveaux Débats » • 132 p. • 11x18 cm • 12 €

In the face of the flagrant inequalities of border arrangements, it is time to establish an international diplomacy of migration, and to recognize the universal right to mobility.

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Migratory Issues in the 21st century
Catherine Wihtol de Wenden
2017 • « Références » • 230 p. • 12,4x19 cm • 17 €

A genuinely planetary issue, long neglected amongst major world questions, migration transforms and affects international relations, and redefines state sovereignty. In particular it testifies as to the urgent need for a new diplomacy incorporating its global and regional governance.

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**Diplomacy Manual**  
Thierry Balzacq, Frédéric Charillon & Frédéric Ramel (eds)  
2018 • « Relations internationales » • 400 p. • 13,7x21 cm • 24 €  
This book covers all aspects of the diplomatic institution of the 21st century, diplomacy's historical evolution and its traditional aspects as well as its new forms of expression.

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**Militant consumerism**  
Sophie Dubuisson-Quellier  
2018 • « Contester » • 160 p. • 11x18 cm • 10,50 €  
Buying organic, refusing advertising, boycotts, eco-villages, veganism... Militant consumerism takes many forms but they all make the market a place for political protest against the excesses of capitalism and accumulation society.

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**Discriminations in the Labor Market**  
Stéphane Carcillo, Marie-Anne Valfort  
2018 • « Sécuriser l’emploi » • 272 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 15 €  
This book proposes a series of measures that demonstrate that workplace discrimination is not a forgone conclusion and can be challenged, beyond simple punitive approaches.

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**The United Nations General Assembly**  
Guillaume Devin, Franck Petiteville, Simon Tordjman (eds)  
2020 • « Relations internationales » • 300 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 24 €  
The first comprehensive reference book in the French language dedicated to the UN General Assembly.

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**Anthropocene Politics**  
Envisioning Degrowth, Post-Growth Economics & Governing Degrowth  
Agnès Sinai & Mathilde Szuba (eds)  
2021 • « Références » • 600 p. • 12,5x19 cm • 23 €  
Can degrowth become a realistic alternative political model? What could the politics of the Anthropocene be?

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**Financializing Insurance**  
A Study of Solvency II  
Pierre François, in collaboration with Sylvestre Frezal  
2021 • « Académique » • 344 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 26 €  
This book focuses on the investigation into the European Solvency II directive.

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**Political Violences in France. From 1986 to the present day**  
Isabelle Sommier, François Audigier, Xavier Crettiez (eds)  
2021 • « Académique » • 416 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 24 €  
This book reveals the full range of expressions of growing anger against representative democracy.

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**Laboratory of Internationalism**  
Simon Godard  
2021 • « Académique » • 328 p. • 13,8x21 cm • 26 €  
The author explains, through the experience of the CMEA, the European integration at the heart of the socialist world, and the social history of the socialist bloc’s construction.

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